Total amount of the fishermen who were repatriated to their origin country

≈ 2,968

Statistics of the fishermen who never come back home

22 years  7 years  13 years  20 years
Indonesia Operation 2014 - 2016
Helping Fishermen in Distress

- 128 Fishermen asked for help
- 19 Thai and Burmese asked for help and presented at Ambon Immigration. Coordinated with Ambon Immigration, Royal Thai Embassy, NGO, Consulate, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and good Indonesian citizen on the island.
- Helped children from deceiving, people with mental illness and trafficking victims returned to Thailand.
- Assisted stranded fishermen at Benjina. Some were repatriated to Thailand but they weren’t treated fairly from their employers and their rights according to the Thai laws.
- Coordinate with Lao Embassy and Cambodia Embassy in Jakarta, Indonesia, and hand the letter to request assistance and repatriate for Laotian and Cambodian fishermen.
- LPN conducted 11th survey on Ambon, Suamlukki, Tual and Benjina islands. At that time we found 6 fishermen who asked for repatriation as they have been stranded for more than 10 years and told us that ‘the man who wore Thai police uniform’ had sold them to fishing boat.

2004 - 2013
24 - 29 Aug 2014
11 - 23 Sep 2014
15 Nov - 3 Dec 2014
11 - 20 Jan 2015
12 Mar - 6 Apr 2015
15 - 23 May 2015
20 - 31 Aug 2015
15 - 17 Sep 2015
10 - 18 Dec 2015
14 - 21 Mar 2016
20 Sep - 11 Oct 2016

The 1st survey 5 members of SAC-LPN team conducted survey. We found 6 Thai peoples asked for help.

The 3rd survey. We surveyed from Ambon to Benjina. We found a graveyard with 111 unknown graves. We met stranded fishermen who never come back home for 18 years.

We found the information of the Thai and migrant stranded fishermen in Ambon and Benjina more than 2,500 people.

90 percent of the name and nationality of the fishermen were changed after they died. So we need the DNA verification to identify who they are. There are 500 stranded fishermen fin Ambon and Benjina.

LPN in collaboration with Command Centre for Combating Illegal Fishing (CCCIF) found 130 fishermen on Ambon island, 50 on Benjina, 30 in Tual, 30 on Suamlukki and 14 on Maruiku & Papua. 54 in total of fishermen who asked for help as well as 50 captured fishing boat. LPN and CCCIF assisted Thai fishermen who wanted to return home and had health problems i.e. diabetes and abnormal blood pressure.

LPN conducted 12th survey at Papua New Guinea, we found fishermen who wanted us to contact their families, 17 families. On this island we met fishermen who had been stranded for 32 years which is the longest. During November to December, 18 fishermen returned to Thailand.
## Rights and Social Protection

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Fishermen</th>
<th>Details</th>
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| Thai Fishermen     | - 1,818 fishermen were repatriated  
                      - 256 fishermen asked LPN for help  
                      - All of them access to rights of personal status  
                      - Most of them identified as non-victim of trafficking  
                      - Only 142 fishermen reached to wage complaints  
                      - 20 fishermen are proceeding in justice process on criminal and trafficking lawsuits  
                      - 13 compensated from vocational accident  
                      - ? the rest 1,562 fishermen unsure if they got fair compensation. |
| Burmese Fishermen  | - 1,000 fishermen were repatriated  
                      - 62 fishermen asked LPN for help  
                      - Only 3 returnees asked LPN for unpaid and the rest haven't reached to justice.  
                      - ? The rest still not access to protection |
| Cambodian Fishermen| - 100 fishermen were repatriated  
                      - Only 2 fishermen are on process of justice in criminal and trafficking lawsuits.  
                      - ? Almost 100 fishermen cannot access to the protection |
| Laotian Fishermen  | - 50 fishermen were repatriated  
                      - 4 fishermen got fair paid and proceeding the trafficking lawsuit  
                      - ? the fate of 46 fishermen still unknown |
GOOD PROTECTION?

FORMER THAI FISHERMEN

INACCESSIBLE PROTECTION

THAI & OVERSEAS FISHING
THAI & MIGRANT FISHERMEN

THAI AND MIGRANT
FISHERS UNION GROUP

TM FG
ROLES OF TMFG AND FISHERMAN CENTRE

in order to assist and promote fishermen the fundamental rights protection

“Peer assist” is the main strategy of assistance

Receive complaints of fishermen

Conduct home visit of victims survey the problems/survey Thai, Burmese, Cambodian, Laotian fisherman and so on

File the complaints to Damrongdham Centre of Ministry of Interior and related RTG agencies

Facilitate the compliant to Department of Labor Protection and Welfare

Facade the compliant to lawsuit on civil law, criminal and trafficking

Coordinate on legal personal status

Follow up the vocational training and reintegration

Provide training on counter-trafficking, labor rights, health rights and so on